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APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/761,514		01/16/2001	Steven D. Conover	1064-US	5648
25263	7590	05/24/2005	• .	EXAM	INER
J GRANT	HOUST	NC	KERNS, KEVIN P		
	AXSUN TECHNOLOGIES INC 1 FORTUNE DRIVE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BILLERICA, MA 01821			-	1725	

DATE MAILED: 05/24/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			is
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/761,514	CONOVER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kevin P. Kerns	1725	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a re y within the statutory minimum of thirty vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT , cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. FHS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 M</u>. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final.	· · ·	
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-48 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-48 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 1 and 8 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b)⊡ objected to b	y the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		•).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached	Office Action or form P1O-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list.	s have been received. s have been received in Aprity documents have been to u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not r	eceived.	
Attachment(s)	_		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1 and 8 are objected to because of the following informalities: in claim 1, 2nd line, replace "including" with "include". In claim 8, 4th line, replace "component" with "components". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dudel et al. (DE 198 05 849 English translation previously provided).

Dudel et al. disclose a method for constructing and connecting optical components, in which the process includes the following: providing an arrangement of a plurality of optical components or subassemblies 12 <a href="https://paper.new.optical.n

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(10,11) to form an optical train (for a total of 3 subassemblies aligned along axis z of Figure 2); positioning the components/subassemblies 12 with reference to laser light 18 (optical signal) transmitted through a lens 16 and through the optical components 12: and thereby providing further adjustment (precision placement) to the alignment of the components 12 of the optical train to achieve accuracy on the micron scale (abstract: and Figures 1-8). The abstract, Figures, German text (see column 3, lines 17-43: column 4, lines 64-68; column 5, lines 1-68; and column 6, lines 1-20), and claim 1 of the translation set forth that the respective distances between the plurality of positions "p" (reference marks) in Figures 6 and 7 would be determined via measuring prior to the preliminary alignment and/or subsequent laser alignment steps, since the optical properties of the optical components are predetermined when placed on the optical bench to form the optical train, and such measurements between positions "p" would be advantageous for more rapidly achieving micron-scale alignment (abstract; column 3, lines 17-43; column 4, lines 64-68; column 5, lines 1-68; and column 6, lines 1-20). Regarding the translation of the German document (in particular, pages 2 and 6-14, claims, and Figures 1-8), optical components are installed onto an optical bench to form an optical train (optical bank - page 7), positions of the optical components are measured (page 12 and claim 1), and alignment is conducted with laser light adjustment via a sensor system to determine the irradiation output, to detect maladjustment (misalignment) of optical components (claim 1 – see translation of German document). As a result, the German document (in particular claim 1) also discloses the sequential steps set forth in newly amended independent claims 1 and 29.

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4. Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Verdiell (US 6,207,950).

Verdiell discloses an optical electronic assembly having a flexure for maintaining alignment between optical elements, in which the optical assembly includes the following features and process steps to achieve optical component alignment: providing/installing an arrangement of a plurality of optical components (comprising an optical train assembly) having inherently predetermined optical properties (for example, lens 16 having a focal length and an optoelectronic element laser diode 18), and an optical element 22 attached to a flexure 24 (attached by soldering, brazing, or welding, for example, and providing a degree of plastic deformation) on a package 10 comprising a substrate 12 (optical bench) and a positioning floor 14 having reference marks for relative positioning of all components; vertically aligning (measuring) optical parts mounted on a raised platform 20 (attached as submounts by solder bonding, brazing, or thermal bonding) adjustable with respect to "pick and place" precision of less than one micron vertically, and within a few microns precision in the lateral and transverse dimensions; and achieving further alignment via adjusting of the laser diode 18 (to provide an optical signal) to an (additional) precision of better than 5 microns after positioning of the optical components (abstract; column 2, lines 54-67; column 3, lines 1-67; column 4, lines 1-21; column 5, lines 16-67; column 6, lines 1-67; column 7, lines 1-67; column 8, lines 1-29; and Figures 1-7).

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Response to Arguments

- 5. The examiner acknowledges the applicants' amendment provided with the request for continued examination received by the USPTO on May 5, 2005. New claim objections have been raised (see paragraph 1). The applicants have cancelled claims 49 and 50, while incorporating the subject matter of the cancelled claims into independent claims 1 and 29, respectively Claims 1-48 are presently under consideration in the application.
- 6. Applicants' arguments filed May 5, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With regard to the applicants' remarks/arguments on page 9, the examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicants' assertion that the process steps set forth in new independent claims 7 and 8 are not disclosed, as optical properties of the optical components, including focal lengths etc., are inherently known (predetermined) by the skilled artisan. For example, if the operator estimates that a focal length of 25mm is required, then he/she would select an optical component within the 20-30mm range, rather than less than 10mm or greater than 50mm. Such optical components are labelled with various data (e.g. focal length) that are pertinent to a method of its use. Furthermore, the German reference includes the sequential order set forth in amended independent claims 1 and 29, while also including the inherent subject matter of new independent claims 7 and 8 – see claim 1 of the German document, in particular. For further details, the applicants are referred especially to the newly underlined portions in

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paragraphs 3 and 4. Newly amended independent claims 1 and 29 (which remain

rejected in view of the German reference) overcome prior rejections under Verdiell.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Dr. Kevin P. Kerns whose telephone number is (571)

272-1178. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00am-

5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kevin P. Kerns Levin Kema 5/21/05 Primary Examiner

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KPK kpk May 21, 2005